

# Windows Forensic Analysis POSTER

You Can't Protect What You Don't Know About

## digital-forensics.sans.org

DFPS FOR500 v4.9 4-19 Poster Created by Rob Lee with support of the SANS DFIR Faculty ©2019 Rob Lee. All Rights Reserved.



# **Windows Artifact Analysis: Evidence of...**

# Windows<sup>®</sup> Time Rules

\$ S T A N D A R D \_ I N F O R M A T I O N

File Creation	File Access	File Modification	File Rename	File Copy	Local File Move	Volume File Move (move via CLI)	Volume File Move (cut/paste via Explorer)	File Deletion
Modified – Time of File Creation	Modified – No Change	Modified – Time of Data Modification	Modified – No Change	Modified – Inherited from Original	Modified – No Change	Modified – Inherited from Original	Modified – Inherited from Original	Modified – No Change
Access – Time of File Creation	Access – Time of Access (No Change only on NTFS Win7+)	Access – No Change	Access – No Change	Access – Time of File Copy	Access – No Change	Access – Time of File Move via CLI	Access – Time of Cut/Paste	Access – No Change
Metadata – Time of File Creation	Metadata – No Change	Metadata – Time of Data Modification	Metadata – Time of File Rename	Metadata – Time of File Copy	Metadata – Time of Local File Move	Metadata – Inherited from Original	Metadata – Inherited from Original	Metadata – No Change
Creation – Time of File Creation	Creation – No Change	Creation – No Change	Creation – No Change	Creation – Time of File Copy	Creation – No Change	Creation – Time of File Move via CLI	Creation – Inherited from Original	Creation – No Change

	ŞFILENAME										
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I	Modified – Time of File Creation	Modified – No Change	Modified – No Change	Modified – No Change	Modified – Time of File Copy	Modified – No Change	Modified – Time of Move via CLI	Modified – Time of Cut/Paste	Modified – No Change		
I	Access – Time of File Creation	Access – No Change	Access – No Change	Access – No Change	Access – Time of File Copy	Access – No Change	Access – Time of Move via CLI	Access – Time of Cut/Paste	Access - No Change		
l	Metadata – Time of File Creation	Metadata – No Change	Metadata – No Change	Metadata – No Change	Metadata – Time of File Copy	Metadata – No Change	Metadata – Time of Move via CLI	Metadata – Time of Cut/Paste	Metadata – No Change		
	Creation – Time of File Creation	Creation – No Change	Creation – No Change	Creation – No Change	Creation – Time of File Copy	Creation – No Change	Creation – Time of Move via CLI	Creation – Time of Cut/Paste	Creation – No Change		

The "Evidence of..." categories were originally created by SANS Digital Forensics and Incidence Response faculty for the SANS course FOR500: Windows Forensic Analysis. The categories map a specific artifact to the analysis questions that it will help to answer. Use this poster as a cheat-sheet to help you remember where you can discover key Windows artifacts for computer intrusion, intellectual property theft, and other common cyber crime investigations.

## File Download

### **Open/Save MRU**

### Description

In the simplest terms, this key tracks files that have been opened or saved within a Windows shell dialog box. This happens to be a big data set, not only including web browsers like Internet Explorer and Firefox, but also a majority of commonly used applications.

#### Location XP:

NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\ComDlg32\OpenSaveMRU Win7/8/10

NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\ComDlg32\OpenSavePIDIMRU

#### Interpretation

## UserAssist

### Description

GUI-based programs launched from the desktop are tracked in the launcher on a Windows System. Location

### NTUSER.DAT HIVE:

NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\Currentversion\Explorer\UserAssist\ {GUID}\Count

- Interpretation All values are ROT-13 Encoded
- GUID for XP

Description · Windows Application Compatibility Database is used by Windows to identify possible application compatibility challenges with executables.

## Location

SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SessionManager\AppCompatibilit

- Win7/8/10: SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\Session Manager\AppCompatCache

### Amcache.hve

### Description

ProgramDataUpdater (a task associated with the Application Experience Service) uses the registry file Amcache.hve to store data during process creation

### Location

Win7/8/10: C:\Windows\AppCompat\Programs\Amcache.hve

### Interpretation

• Amcache.hve - Keys = Amcache.hve\Root\File\{Volume GUID}\####### • Entry for every executable run, full path information, File's

### **Last-Visited MRU**

Description

Tracks the specific executable used by an application to open the files documented in the OpenSaveMRU key. In addition, each value also tracks the directory location for the last file that was accessed by that application Example: Notepad.exe was last run using the C:\%USERPROFILE% Desktop folder

### Location

XP:

NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\ComDlg32\ LastVisitedMRU

## Shimcache

Tracks the executables file name, file size, last modified time, and in Windows XP the last update time

**Program Execution** 

• SHA1 hash of executable also contained in the key

• The "\*" key - This subkey tracks the most recent files of any extension input in an OpenSave dialog

• .??? (Three letter extension) – This subkey stores file info from the OpenSave dialog by specific extension

### **Email Attachments**

### Description

The email industry estimates that 80% of email data is stored via attachments. Email standards only allow text. Attachments must be encoded with MIME/base64 format.

### Location

Outlook XP:

#### %USERPROFILE%\Local Settings\ApplicationData\Microsoft\Outlook Win7/8/10:

%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Outlook

### Interpretation

MS Outlook data files found in these locations include OST and PST files. One should also check the OLK and Content.Outlook folder, which might roam depending on the specific version of Outlook used. For more information on where to find the OLK folder this link has a handy chart: http://www.hancockcomputertech.com/blog/2010/01/06/find-themicrosoft-outlook-temporary-olk-folder

### **Skype History**

#### Description

• Skype history keeps a log of chat sessions and files transferred from one machine to another • This is turned on by default in Skype installations

#### Location

XP:

C:\Documents and Settings\<username>\Application\Skype\<skype-name> Win7/8/10: C:\%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Roaming\Skype\<skype-name>

Interpretation Each entry will have a date/time value and a Skype username associated

### **Browser Artifacts**

#### Description

with the action.

Not directly related to "File Download". Details stored for each local user account. Records number of times visited (frequency).

### Location

Internet Explorer • IE8-9:

%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\IEDownloadHistory\index.dat • IE10-11:

#### %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\WebCache\WebCacheV\*.dat Firefox

• v3-25:

%userprofile%\AppData\Roaming\Mozilla\Firefox\Profiles\<random text>.default\downloads.sqlite • v26+:

%userprofile%\AppData\Roaming\Mozilla\ Firefox\Profiles\<random text>.default\places.sqlite Table:moz annos

- Chrome:
- Win7/8/10:

%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Google\Chrome\User Data\Default\History

### Interpretation

Many sites in history will list the files that were opened from remote sites and downloaded to the local system. History will record the access to the file on the website that was accessed via a link.

### Downloads

### Description

Firefox and IE has a built-in download manager application which keeps a history of every file downloaded by the user. This browser artifact can provide excellent information about what sites a user has been visiting and what kinds of files they have been downloading from them.

### Location

Firefox: • XP:

%userprofile%\Application Data\Mozilla\ Firefox\Profiles\<random text>.default\downloads.sqlite

75048700 Active Deskton GUID for Win7/8/10 - CEBFF5CD Executable File Execution

- F4F57C4B Shortcut File Execution

### Windows 10 Timeline

#### Description Win10 records recently used applications and files in a

"timeline" accessible via the "WIN+TAB" key. The data is recorded in a SQLite database. Location

### C:\Users\<profile>\AppData\Local\ConnectedDevices Platform\L.<profile>\ActivitiesCache.db

Interpretation Application execution

### • Focus count per application

### RecentApps

Description GUI Program execution launched on the Win10 system is tracked in the RecentApps key

#### Location Win10

Description

Location

NTUSER.DAT HIVE

Interpretation

Description

Location

Interpretation

folder reflect this:

database file.

@ sansforensics

dfir.to/MAIL-LIST

- 32 -> small - 96 -> medium

- 256 -> large - 1024 -> extra large

### NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\Current Version\Search\RecentApps

Interpretation Each GUID key points to a recent application. AppID = Name of Application LastAccessTime = Last execution time in UTC LaunchCount = Number of times executed

**XP Search – ACMRU** 

You can search for a wide range of information through the

or words that are inside a file. This is an example of where

you can find the "Search History" on the Windows system.

NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Search Assistant\ACMru\####

• All or part of a document name – ####=5603

• Printers, Computers and People – ####=5647

user (small, medium, large, and extra-larger)

C:\%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\Explorer

• These are created when a user switches a folder to

thumbnail mode or views pictures via a slide show. As it

were, our thumbs are now stored in separate database files.

Win7+ has 4 sizes for thumbnails and the files in the cache

• The thumbcache will store the thumbnail copy of the picture

based on the thumbnail size in the content of the equivalent

f

sansforensics

You Tube

dfir.to/DFIRCast

• A word or phrase in a file – ####=5604

• Search the Internet – ####=5001

search assistant on a Windows XP machine. The search assistant

will remember a user's search terms for filenames, computers,

Thumbcache

Thumbnails of pictures, office documents, and folders exist in

a database called the thumbcache. Each user will have their

own database based on the thumbnail sizes viewed by the

#### Interpretation

XP:

Any executable run on the Windows system could be found in this key. You can use this key to identify systems that specific malware was executed on. In addition, based on the interpretation of the time-based data you might be able to determine the last time of execution or activity on the system. • Windows XP contains at most 96 entries - LastUpdateTime is updated when the files are executed Windows 7 contains at most 1,024 entries - LastUpdateTime does not exist on Win7 systems

**Jump Lists** 

### Description

 $\cdot$  The Windows 7 task bar (Jump List) is engineered to allow users to "jump" or access items they have frequently or recently used quickly and easily. This functionality cannot only include recent media files; it must also include recent tasks. The data stored in the AutomaticDestinations folder will

each have a unique file prepended with the AppID of the associated application.

### Location

Win7/8/10: C:\%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\Recent\ AutomaticDestinations

### Interpretation

· First time of execution of application. - Creation Time = First time item added to the AppID file. Last time of execution of application w/file open. - Modification Time = Last time item added to the AppID file. List of Jump List IDs ->

http://www.forensicswiki.org/wiki/List\_of\_Jump\_List\_IDs

#### StandardInfo Last Modif ation Time, and Disk volume the executable was run from

First Run Time = Last Modification Time of Key

System Resource Usage Monitor (SRUM)

### Description

Records 30 to 60 days of historical system performance. Applications run, user account responsible for each, and application and bytes sent/received per application per hour.

### Location

SOFTWARE\Microsoft\WindowsNT\CurrentVersion\SRUM\Extensions {d10ca2fe-6fcf-4f6d-848e-b2e99266fa89} = Application Resource Usage Provider C:\Windows\ System32\SRU

### Interpretation

Use tool such as **srum\_dump.exe** to cross correlate the data between the registry keys and the SRUM ESE Database.

### **BAM/DAM**

### Description

Windows Background Activity Moderator (BAM)

### Location

Win10 SYSTEM/CurrentControlSet/Services/bam/UserSettings/{SID} SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Services\dam\UserSettings\{SID}

### Investigative Notes

Provides full path of the executable file that was run on the system and last execution date/time

Search – WordWheelQuery

NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\WordWheelQuery

Keywords are added in Unicode and listed in temporal order

Win7/8/10 Recycle Bin

The recycle bin is a very important location on a Windows file

system to understand. It can help you when accomplishing

a forensic investigation, as every file that is deleted from a

Windows recycle bin aware program is generally first put in

• Deleted Time and Original Filename contained in separate

• SID can be mapped to user via Registry Analysis

- Files Preceded by \$I###### files contain

- Files Preceded by \$R###### files contain

Keywords searched for from the START menu bar on a

### Win7/8/10:

NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\ComDlg32\ LastVisitedPidIMRU

### Interpretation

Tracks the application executables used to open files in OpenSaveMRU and the last file path used.

### Prefetch

### Description

• Increases performance of a system by pre-loading code pages of commonly used applications. Cache Manager monitors all files and directories referenced for each application or process and maps them into a .pf file. Utilized to know an application was executed on a system.

Limited to 128 files on XP and Win7

• Limited to 1024 files on Win8 (exename)-(hash).pf

### Location WinXP/7/8/10:

C:\Windows\Prefetch

### Interpretation

Description

Location

LastVisitedMRU

LastVisitedPidIMRU

Interpretation

Description

the recycle bin.

Interpretation

Hidden System Folder

• C:\RECYCLER" 2000/NT/XP/2003

• Subfolder is created with user's SID

• Filename in both ASCII and UNICODE

• Hidden file in directory called "INFO2"

• INFO2 Contains Deleted Time and Original Filename

• SID can be mapped to user via Registry Analysis

Maps file name to the actual name and path it was deleted from

Location

Windows XP

Win7/8/10

- Each .pf will include last time of execution, number of times run, and device and file handles used by the program Date/Time file by that name and path was first executed - Creation Date of .pf file (-10 seconds)
- Date/Time file by that name and path was last executed - Embedded last execution time of .pf file Last modification date of .pf file (-10 seconds) Win8-10 will contain last 8 times of execution

**Last-Visited MRU** 

Tracks the specific executable used by an application to open

the files documented in the OpenSaveMRU key. In addition,

each value also tracks the directory location for the last file

NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\ComDlg32\

NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\ComDlg32\

Tracks the application executables used to open files in

**XP Recycle Bin** 

The recycle bin is a very important location on a Windows file

system to understand. It can help you when accomplishing

a forensic investigation, as every file that is deleted from a

Windows recycle bin aware program is generally first put in

OpenSaveMRU and the last file path used.

that was accessed by that application.

## **Deleted File or File Knowledge**

Description

Location

Windows 7 machine.

Interpretation

in an MRUlist

Description

the recycle bin.

Hidden System Folder

files for each deleted recovery file

Location

Win7/8/10

• C:\\$Recycle.bin

Interpretation

• Original PATH and name

• Deletion Date/Time

• Recovery Data

• Win7/8/10

Win7/8/10 NTUSER.DAT Hive

### Thumbs.db

### Description

Hidden file in directory where images on machine exist stored in a smaller thumbnail graphics. thumbs.db catalogs pictures in a folder and stores a copy of the thumbnail even if the pictures were deleted.

### Location

Interpretation

Description

Location

IE6-7

IE8-9

IE10-11

the system, day by day.

%USERPROFILE%\LocalSettings\History\History.IE5

**Internet Explorer:** 

Interpretation

Include:

WinXP/Win8|8.1 Automatically created anywhere with homegroup enabled Win7/8/10

• Thumbnail Picture of Original Picture

• Last Modification Time (XP Only)

• Original Filename (XP Only)

• Document Thumbnail – Even if Deleted

Automatically created anywhere and accessed via a UNC Path (local or remote)

IE|Edge file://

A little-known fact about the IE History is that the information

stored in the history files is not just related to Internet

%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsHistory\History.IE5

• Stored in index.dat as: file:///C:/directory/filename.ext

%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\WebCache\WebCacheV\*.dat

browsing. The history also records local and remote (via

network shares) file access, giving us an excellent means for

determining which files and applications were accessed on

Win7/8/10:

%userprofile%\AppData\Roaming\Mozilla\Firefox\Profiles\<random text>.default\downloads.sqlite **Internet Explorer:** 

• IE8-9:

%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\IEDownloadHistory\

• IE10-11:

%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\WebCache\WebCacheV\*.dat

### Interpretation

Downloads will include: • Filename, Size, and Type • Download from and Referring Page • File Save Location • Application Used to Open File • Download Start and End Times

**ADS Zone.Identifer** 

### Description

Starting with XP SP2 when files are downloaded from the "Internet Zone" via a browser to a NTFS volume, an alternate data stream is added to the file. The alternate data stream is named "Zone.Identifier."

### Interpretation

Files with an ADS Zone.Identifier and contains ZoneID=3 were downloaded from the Internet • URLZONE\_TRUSTED = ZoneID = 2 • URLZONE\_INTERNET = ZoneID = 3 • URLZONE\_UNTRUSTED = ZoneID = 4



### **OPERATING SYSTEM & DEVICE IN-DEPTH**



**Advanced Memory** Forensics & Threat Detection

### **INCIDENT RESPONSE & THREAT HUNTING**





Advanced Network Forensics: Threat Hunting, Analysis, and Incident **Response GNFA** 

**Windows Forensics** 

Smartphone Forensic Analysis In-Depth



Mac and iOS Forensic Analysis and Incident Response

Cyber Threat Intelligence

**REM: Malware Analysis** 



Hacker Tools, Techniques, Exploits, and Incident Handling

## **Network Activity/Physical Location**

### Timezone

Description Identifies the current system time zone.

Location SYSTEM Hive:

SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\TimeZoneInformation

### Interpretation

• Time activity is incredibly useful for correlation of activity • Internal log files and date/timestamps will be based on the system time zone information • You might have other network devices and you will need to correlate information to the time zone information collected here

### Cookies

Description Cookies give insight into what websites have been visited and what activities may have taken place there.

### Location

Internet Explorer

IE6-8: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\Cookies

IE10: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\Cookies

• IE11: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\INetCookies Firefox

• XP: %USERPROFILE%\Application Data\Mozilla\Firefox\Profiles\<random text>.default\ cookies.salite

• Win7/8/10: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Roaming\Mozilla\Firefox\Profiles\<randomtext>.default\ cookies.salite

### Chrome

• XP: %USERPROFILE%\Local Settings\ApplicationData\Google\Chrome\User Data\Default\ Local Storage

• Win7/8/10:

%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Google\Chrome\User Data\Default\Local Storage

File/Folder Opening

**Shell Bags** 

### **Network History**

### Description

• Identify networks that the computer has been connected to • Networks could be wireless or wired • Identify domain name/intranet name Identify SSID • Identify Gateway MAC Address

### Location

Win7/8/10 SOFTWARE HIVE: SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\NetworkList\Signatures\Unmanaged SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\NetworkList\Signatures\Managed SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\NetworkList\NIa\Cache

#### Interpretation

• Identifying intranets and networks that a computer has connected to is incredibly important • Not only can you determine the intranet name, you can determine the last time the network was connected to it based on the last write time of the key • This will also list any networks that have been connected to via a VPN • MAC Address of SSID for Gateway could be physically triangulated

### WLAN Event Log

Description Determine what wireless networks the system associated with and identify network characteristics to find location

**Relevant Event IDs** • 11000 – Wireless network association started • 8001 – Successful connection to wireless network • 8002 – Failed connection to wireless network • 8003 – Disconnect from wireless network • 6100 – Network diagnostics (System log)

### Location

### Microsoft-Windows-WLAN-AutoConfig Operational.evtx

Interpretation

• Shows historical record of wireless network connections • Contains SSID and BSSID (MAC address), which can be used to geolocate wireless access point \*(no BSSID on Win8+)

### **Browser Search Terms**

### Description

Records websites visited by date and time. Details stored for each local user account. Records number of times visited (frequency). Also tracks access of local system files. This will also include the website history of search terms in search engines.

Location Internet Explorer

• IE6-7: %USERPROFILE%\Local Settings\History\History.IE5

• IE8-9: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\History\History.IE5 • IE10-11:

%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\WebCache\WebCacheV\*.dat Firefox

• XP:

%userprofile%\Application Data\Mozilla\Firefox\Profiles\ <randomtext>.default\places.sqlite Win7/8/10

%userprofile%\AppData\Roaming\Mozilla\Firefox\ Profiles\<randomtext>.default\places.sqlite

### System Resource Usage **Monitor (SRUM)**

### Description

Records 30 to 60 days of historical system performance. Applications run, user account responsible for each, and application and bytes sent/received per application per hour

### Location

SOFTWARE\Microsoft\WindowsNT\CurrentVersion\SRUM\Extensions {973F5D5C-1D90-4944-BE8E-24B94231A174} = Windows Network Data Usage Monitor {DD6636C4-8929-4683-974E-22C046A43763} = Windows Network Connectivity Usage Monito

SOFTWARE\Microsoft\WlanSvc\Interfaces\ C:\Windows\System32\SRU\

### Interpretation

Use tool such as srum\_dump.exe to cross correlate the data between the registry keys and the SRUM ESE Database.

## **Account Usage**

### Last Login

### Description

Lists the local accounts of the system and their equivalent security identifiers.

### Location

Description

changed.

Location

Interpretation

• C:\windows\system32\config\SAM • SAM\Domains\Account\Users

### Interpretation

• Only the last login time will be stored in the registry key

### Last Password Change

### Interpretation

Logon Type Explanation

Description

Location

Win7/8/10:

10

11

12

13

Description

Location

Win7/8/10:

Interpretation

Description

Location

Win7/8/10:

Interpretation

• Win7/8/10 – Interpretation

• 4634 | 4647 – Successful Logoff

• 4648 – Logon using explicit credentials (Runas)

• 4624 – Successful Logon

• 4625 – Failed Logon

Description

Location

Recovery

Firefox

Chrome

**Internet Explorer** 

Interpretation

Description

• Referring websites

• Time session ended

Event ID 4624

- Logon via console
- Network Logon
- Batch Logon

Authentication mechanisms

Event ID Codes (NTLM protocol)

Event ID Codes (Kerberos protocol)

%system root%\System32\winevt\logs\Security.evtx

- Windows Service Logon
  - Credentials used to unlock screen

Cached credentials used to logon

Cached unlock (similar to Type 7)

Recorded on system that authenticated credentials

%SYSTEM ROOT%\System32\winevt\logs\Security.evtx

• 4768: Ticket Granting Ticket was granted (successful logon)

• 4769: Service Ticket requested (access to server resource)

Determine which accounts have been used for attempted

Success/Fail Logons

logons. Track account usage for known compromised accounts.

**Session Restore** 

Automatic Crash Recovery features built into the browser.

Win7/8/10: %USERPROFILE%/AppData/Local/Microsoft/Internet Explorer/

Profiles\<randomtext>.default\sessionstore.js

Win7/8/10: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Google\Chrome\User Data\

Files = Current Session, Current Tabs, Last Session, Last Tabs

Win7/8/10: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Roaming\Mozilla\Firefox\

• Historical websites viewed in each tab

• Modified time of .dat files in LastActive folder

• Creation time of .dat files in Active folder

• Time each tab opened (only when crash occurred)

Local Account/Workgroup = on workstation

Domain/Active Directory = on domain controller

• 4776: Successful/Failed account authentication

• 4771: Pre-authentication failed (failed logon)

**Authentication Events** 

**Logon Types** 

Logon Events can give us very specific information regarding

the nature of account authorizations on a system if we know

where to look and how to decipher the data that we find. In

to determine by exactly what means a logon was attempted.

addition to telling us the date, time, username, hostname, and

success/failure status of a logon, Logon Events also enables us

Network logon sending credentials (cleartext)

Cached remote interactive (similar to Type 10)

Different credentials used than logged on user Remote interactive logon (RDP)

NO 1111111

### **Open/Save MRU**

### Description

In the simplest terms, this key tracks files that have been opened or saved within a Windows shell dialog box. This happens to be a big data set, not only including web browsers like Internet Explorer and Firefox, but also a majority of commonly used applications.

### Location

#### XP NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\ComDlg32\ OpenSaveMRU

Win7/8/10:

NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\ComDlg32\ OnenSavePIDIMRII

### Interpretation

• The "\*" key – This subkey tracks the most recent files of any extension input in an OpenSave dialog

• .??? (Three letter extension) – This subkey stores file info from the OpenSave dialog by specific extension

### **Recent Files**

Description • Which folders were accessed on the local machine, the network and/or removable devices. Evidence of previously existing folders after deletion/overwrite. When certain folders were accessed.

### Location

**Explorer Access:**  USRCLASS.DAT\Local Settings\Software\Microsoft\Windows\Shell\Bags USRCLASS.DAT\Local Settings\Software\Microsoft\Windows\Shell\BagMRU

Desktop Access: NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\Shell\BagMRU NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\Shell\Bags

### Interpretation Stores information about which folders were most recently

browsed by the user.

### Shortcut (LNK) Files

### **Last-Visited MRU**

### Description

Tracks the specific executable used by an application to open the files documented in the OpenSaveMRU key. In addition, each value also tracks the directory location for the last file that was accessed by that application Example: Notepad.exe was last run using the

C:\Users\Rob\Desktop folder

#### Location XP:

NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\ComDlg32\ LastVisitedMRU

#### Win7/8/10:

NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\ComDlg32\ LastVisitedPidIMRU

Interpretation Tracks the application executables used to open files in OpenSaveMRU and the last file path used.

### IE Edge file://

Lists the last time the password of a specific local user has been

SAM\Domains\Account\Users

### Description

Registry Key that will track the last files and folders opened and is used to populate data in "Recent" menus of the Start menu.

### Location

#### NTUSER.DAT: NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\RecentDocs

#### Interpretation

• **RecentDocs** – Overall key will track the overall order of the last 150 files or folders opened. MRU list will keep track of the temporal order in which each file/folder was opened. The last entry and modification time of this key will be the time and location the last file of a specific extension was opened. • .??? - This subkey stores the last files with a specific extension that were opened. MRU list will keep track of the temporal order in which each file was opened. The last entry and modification time of this key will be the time when and location where the last file of a specific extension was opened. • Folder - This subkey stores the last folders that were opened. MRU list will keep track of the temporal order in which each folder was opened. The last entry and modification time of this key will be the time and location of the last folder opened.

### **Jump Lists**

#### Description

• The Windows 7 task bar (Jump List) is engineered to allow users to "jump" or access items have frequently or recently used quickly and easily. This functionality cannot only include recent media files; it must also include recent tasks. • The data stored in the AutomaticDestinations folder will each

have a unique file prepended with the AppID of the association application and embedded with LNK files in each stream.

### Location

Win7/8/10:

### C:\%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\Recent\AutomaticDestinations

### Interpretation

• Using the Structured Storage Viewer, open up one of the AutomaticDestination jumplist files. • Each one of these files is a separate LNK file. They are also

stored numerically in order from the earliest one (usually 1) to the most recent (largest integer value).

#### • Shortcut Files automatically created by Windows - Recent Items - Opening local and remote data files and documents will generate a shortcut file (.lnk)

### Location

Description

#### XP: • C:\%USERPROFILE%\Recent

### Win7/8/10:

#### • C:\%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\Recent\ • C:\%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Office\Recent\

Note these are primary locations of LNK files. They can also be found in other locations.

### Interpretation

• Date/Time file of that name was first opened - Creation Date of Shortcut (LNK) File • Date/Time file of that name was last opened - Last Modification Date of Shortcut (LNK) File • LNKTarget File (Internal LNK File Information) Data: - Modified, Access, and Creation times of the target file - Volume Information (Name, Type, Serial Number) - Network Share information - Original Location - Name of System

### Prefetch

### Description

• Increases performance of a system by pre-loading code pages of commonly used applications. Cache Manager monitors all files and directories referenced for each application or process and maps them into a .pf file. Utilized to know an application was executed on a system. Limited to 128 files on XP and Win7 • Limited to 1024 files on Win8-10 • (exename)-(hash).pf

## Location

WinXP/7/8/10: C:\Windows\Prefetch

### Interpretation

• Can examine each .pf file to look for file handles recently used • Can examine each .pf file to look for device handles recently used

#### Description

A little known fact about the IE History is that the information stored in the history files is not just related to Internet browsing. The history also records local, removable, and remote (via network shares) file access, giving us an excellent means for determining which files and applications were accessed on the system, day by day.

Location

**Internet Explorer:** 

• IE6-7: %USERPROFILE%\Local Settings\History\ History.IE5

• IE8-9: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\History\History.IE5

• IE10-11: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\WebCache\WebCacheV\*.dat

Interpretation • Stored in index.dat as: file:///C:/directory/filename.ext

• Does not mean file was opened in browser

### **Office Recent Files**

### Description

MS Office programs will track their own Recent Files list to make it easier for users to remember the last file they were editing.

### Location

NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Office\VERSION • 14.0 = Office 2010 • 11.0 = Office 2003 • 12.0 = Office 2007 • 10.0 = Office XP

NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Office\VERSION\UserMRU\LiveID\_####\FileMRU • 15.0 = Office 365

### Interpretation

Similar to the Recent Files, this will track the last files that were opened by each MS Office application. The last entry added, per the MRU, will be the time the last file was opened by a specific MS Office application

Description

Location

History.IE5

Firefox

Chrome

Internet Explorer

text>.default\places.sqlite

Data\Default\History

Default\History

### registry key

C:\windows\system32\config\SAM

### **RDP Usage**

### Description

Track Remote Desktop Protocol logons to target machines.

• Only the last password change time will be stored in the

Location Security Log

Win7/8/10: %SYSTEM ROOT%\System32\winevt\logs\Security.evtx

### Interpretation

• Win7/8/10 – Interpretation - Event ID 4778 – Session Connected/Reconnected

- Event ID 4779 – Session Disconnected

• Event log provides hostname and IP address of remote machine making the connection

• On workstations you will often see current console session disconnected (4779) followed by RDP connection (4778)

### Services Events

### Description

• Analyze logs for suspicious services running at boot time • Review services started or stopped around the time of a suspected compromise

### Location

All Event IDs reference the System Log

7034 – Service crashed unexpectedly

Description

website

viewed

Internet Explorer

Location

- 7035 Service sent a Start/Stop control
- 7036 Service started or stopped
- 7040 Start type changed (Boot | On Request | Disabled) 7045 – A service was installed on the system (Win2008R2+)

4697 – A service was installed on the system (from Security log)

### Interpretation

• All Event IDs except 4697 reference the System Log • A large amount of malware and worms in the wild utilize

Services • Services started on boot illustrate persistence (desirable in

**Browser Usage** 

Cache

• The cache is where web page components can be stored

Gives the investigator a "snapshot in time" of what a

- Provides the actual files the user viewed on a given

- Cached files are tied to a specific local user account

IE8-9: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\Temporary

IE10: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\Temporary

IE11: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\INetCache\IE

Edge: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Packages\microsoft.

Win7/8/10: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Mozilla\Firefox\

Profiles\<randomtext>.default\Cache

microsoftedge\_<APPID>\AC\MicrosoftEdge\Cache

XP: %USERPROFILE%\Local Settings\ApplicationData\Mozilla\Firefox\

- Timestamps show when the site was first saved and last

locally to speed up subsequent visits

- Identifies websites which were visited

user was looking at online

Internet Files\Content.IE5

Internet Files\Content.IE5

Profiles\<randomtext>.default\Cache

malware) • Services can crash due to attacks like process injection

### • 4672 – Account logon with superuser rights (Administrator) • 4720 – An account was created

## **External Device/USB Usage**

Description

**PnP Events** 

### **Key Identification**

### Description

Track USB devices plugged into a machine.

Location • SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Enum\USBSTOR SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Enum\USB

Interpretation • Identify vendor, product, and version of a USB device

plugged into a machine • Identify a unique USB device plugged into the machine

• Determine the time a device was plugged into the machine

• Devices that do not have a unique serial number will have an "&" in the second character of the serial number.

### **First/Last Times**

#### Description Determine temporal usage of specific USB devices connected to a Windows Machine.

Location First Time Plug and Play Log Files

XP: C:\Windows\setupapi.log

Win7/8/10: C:\Windows\inf\setupapi.dev.log Interpretation

#### When a Plug and Play driver install is Description attempted, the service will log an ID Discover the last drive letter of the USB Device when it was plugged into the machine. Location XP: • Find ParentIdPrefix - SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Enum\ USBSTOR • Using ParentIdPrefix Discover Last Mount Point

- SYSTEM\MountedDevices %system root%\System32\winevt\logs\System.evtx Win7/8/10: SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows Portable Devices\Devices • Event ID: 20001 – Plug and Play driver • SYSTEM\MountedDevices

#### install attempted • Event ID 20001 Timestamp

 Device information Device serial number Status (0 = no errors)

### **Volume Serial** Number

Description Discover the Volume Serial Number of

### **Drive Letter and Volume Name**

20001 event and provide a Status within the event. It is important to note that this event will trigger for any Plug and Play-capable device, including but not limited to USB, Firewire, and PCMCIA devices.

### **Location** System Log File Win7/8/10:

### Interpretation

Search for Device Serial Number • Log File times are set to local time zone **Location** First, Last, and Removal Times (Win7/8/10 Only) System Hive: \CurrentControlSet\Enum\USBSTOR\Ven\_Prod\_Version\USBSerial#\Properties\ {83da6326-97a6-4088-9453-a19231573b29}\#### 0064 = First Install (Win7-10) 0066 = Last Connected (Win8-10)

0067 = Last Removal (Win8-10)

### User

### Description

Find User that used the Unique USB Device.

#### Location

#### • Look for GUID from **SYSTEM\MountedDevices** • NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\ MountPoints2

### Interpretation

This GUID will be used next to identify the user that plugged in the device. The last write time of this key also corresponds to the last time the device was plugged into the machine by that user. The number will be referenced in the user's personal mountpoints key in the NTUSER.DAT Hive.

#### the Filesystem Partition on the USB. (NOTE: This is not the USB Unique Serial Number, which is hardcoded into the device firmware.) Location XP: SOFTWARE\Microsoft\WindowsNT\CurrentVersion\ ENDMamt • Use Volume Name and USB Unique Serial Number to: - Find last integer number in line - Convert Decimal Serial Number into Hex Serial Number

### Interpretation

• Knowing both the Volume Serial Number and the Volume Name. you can correlate the data across SHORTCUT File (LNK) analysis and the RECENTDOCs key. • The Shortcut File (LNK) contains the Volume Serial Number and Name • RecentDocs Registry Key, in most cases, will contain the volume name when the USB device is opened via Explorer

• Recent Items • Open local and remote data files and documents will generate a shortcut file (.lnk)

- Examine Drive Letters looking at Value

Identify the USB device that was last mapped

to a specific drive letter. This technique will

only work for the last drive mapped. It does

not contain historical records of every drive

**Shortcut (LNK) Files** 

Shortcut files automatically created by Windows

Data Looking for Serial Number

letter mapped to a removable drive.

### Location

- Name of System

Description

Interpretation

%USERPROFILE%\Recent

Win7/8/10 %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\ Recent %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Office\Recent

### Interpretation

• Date/Time file of that name was first opened - Creation Date of Shortcut (LNK) File • Date/Time file of that name was last opened - Last Modification Date of Shortcut (LNK) File • LNKTarget File (Internal LNK File Information) Data: - Modified, Access, and Creation times of the target file - Volume Information (Name, Type, Serial Number) - Network Share information - Original Location

### Cookies give insight into what websites have been visited and what activities may have taken place there.

History

Records websites visited by date and time. Details stored

visited (frequency). Also tracks access of local system files.

for each local user account. Records number of times

• IE8-9: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\History\

IE10, 11, Edge: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\

• XP: %USERPROFILE%\Application Data\Mozilla\Firefox\Profiles\<random

Profiles\<random text>.default\places.sqlite

• XP: %USERPROFILE%\Local Settings\Application Data\Google\Chrome\User

Win7/8/10: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Google\Chrome\User Data\

Cookies

Win7/8/10: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Roaming\Mozilla\Firefox\

WebCache\WebCacheV\*.dat

• IE6-7: %USERPROFILE%\Local Settings\History\History.IE5

### Location

### **Internet Explorer**

Description

- IE8-9: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\Cookies
- IE10: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\Cookies
- IE11: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\INetCookies
- Edge: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Packages\microsoft. microsoftedge\_<APPID>\AC\MicrosoftEdge\Cookies

#### Firefox

- XP: %USERPROFILE%\Application Data\Mozilla\Firefox\Profiles\<random text>.default\cookies.sglite
- Win7/8/10: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Roaming\Mozilla\Firefox\ Profiles\<randomtext>.default\cookies.sqlite

#### Chrome

• XP: %USERPROFILE%\Local Settings\Application Data\Google\Chrome\User Data\Default\Local Storage\

Win7/8/10: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Google\Chrome\User Data\ Default\Local Storage\

#### Chrome

Firefox

- XP: %USERPROFILE%\Local Settings\Application Data\Google\Chrome\User Data\Default\Cache - data\_# and f\_######
- Win7/8/10: %USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Google\Chrome\User Data\ Default\Cache\ - data\_# and f\_######

### Flash & Super Cookies

### Description

Local Stored Objects (LSOs), or Flash Cookies, have become ubiquitous on most systems due to the extremely high penetration of Flash applications across the Internet. They tend to be much more persistent because they do not expire, and there is no built-in mechanism within the browser to remove them. In fact, many sites have begun using LSOs for their tracking mechanisms because they rarely get cleared like traditional cookies.

#### Location

Win7/8/10: %APPDATA%\Roaming\Macromedia\FlashPlayer\#SharedObjects\<randomp ofileid>

#### Interpretation

• Websites visited

- User account used to visit the site
- When cookie was created and last accessed

Google Analytics (GA) has developed an extremely sophisticated methodology for tracking site visits, user activity, and paid search. Since GA is largely free, it has a commanding share of the market, estimated at over 80% of sites using traffic analysis and over 50% of all sites.

**Google Analytics Cookies** 

#### \_utma – Unique visitors

• Domain Hash • Visitor ID • Cookie Creation Time • Time of 2nd most recent visit • Time of most recent visit • Number of visits \_utmb - Session tracking • Domain hash • Page views in current session

• Outbound link clicks • Time current session started

#### \_utmz - Traffic sources

• Domain Hash • Last Update time • Number of visits • Number of different types of visits • Source used to access site • Google Adwords campaign name • Access Method (organic, referral, cpc, email, direct) • Keyword used to find site (non-SSL only)